February 2013

Introduction and Purpose:

It is essential for quality education and safe, quality patient care, that Post Secondary Institution (PSI) educators in both direct care and support positions are competent in the practice setting within which they are supervising and teaching students. They must be familiar with the function of setting, including its policies, procedures, guidelines, routines, and reporting structures. All BC Health Authorities abide by Accreditation Canada standards; leadership standards outline requirements for the creation and sustainment of culture that promotes a safe and healthy workplace environment. Additionally, WorkSafeBC Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) regulations² outline employer requirements for workplace environments that promote occupational health and safety and to protect staff, students and other persons from work-related risks to their health, safety and well-being.

The purpose of this guideline is to outline the pre-requisites, orientation requirements, and expectations for PSI educators who will be supervising / teaching students at a practice education site. The guideline reinforces the collaborative partnership between the Health Care Organization (HCO) and the PSI that is required for supporting the orientation of the PSI educator and subsequently, supporting the successful integration of students to the practice setting.

Definitions:

Also refer to: Standardized Guideline definitions in the Practice Education Guideline (PEG) Introductory Module.

Orientation: a process for supporting adjustment or adaptation to a new environment, situation, custom or set of ideas. Introductory instruction concerning a new situation.

Practice Standards Guidelines:

Post Secondary Institutions are responsible to ensure that assigned PSI educators have satisfied all placement pre-requisites prior to the start of the placement, including:

- Signed the approved health authority specific confidentiality form (See: PEG 2-1: Protecting Privacy and Maintaining Confidentiality).
- Current professional registration (where applicable)
- Criminal record check, including advanced vulnerable populations check where applicable C(See PEG 1-2: Criminal Record Check)
- Current immunizations / vaccinations as per HCO policies / guidelines (See: PEG 1-3: Immunizations)

¹ Accreditation Canada. (2012). Standards/leadership. Retrieved January 22, 2013 from: http://www.accreditation.ca/accreditation-programs/gmentum/standards/leadership/

² WorkSafeBC. (2012). *Regulations and policies*. Retrieved January 22, 2013 from: http://www.worksafebc.com/regulation and policy/default.asp

- Current working knowledge of Workplace Health and Safety principles and practices (See Appendix A: Workplace Health and Safety Education/Certification Standards), including:
 - o Site specific Fire Safety
 - o Infection Prevention / Control
 - o Workplace Hazardous Materials Information Systems
 - o Workplace Violence Prevention
 - o Musculoskeletal Injury Prevention
 - OWaste Management
- Current Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation certificate (as required by profession)
- Respiratory Mask Fit Test (as required by the practice setting) (See PEG 1-4: Respiratory Protection)
- Additional prerequisites as required by the practice setting.

The Post Secondary Institution is primarily responsible for orientation of PSI educators to the practice education setting. Every effort should be made to have the previous PSI educator orient the new educator. If this is not possible, the PSI must contact the HCO liaison to arrange for orientation support.

PSI Educator orientation must be completed prior to start of the placement, ideally within two weeks of the placement start date.

The PSI must support PSI educator attendance at required HCO site orientation sessions.

PSI educators are responsible for keeping current on professional / practice requirements, as well as workplace health and safety practices (See Appendix A: Workplace Health and Safety Education/Certification Standards). The PSI educator must be able to practice competently and independently in the practice education setting.

In learning situations where the PSI educator does not feel competent and the need for student supervision arises, the PSI educator must communicate needs to the HCO educator and arrange for alternate supervision for the student for the particular learning activity.

The HCO may cancel the practice education experience if there is evidence that the PSI educator has not met pre-requisites or orientation requirements, or that there is evidence that the PSI educator is not competent in the practice setting to supervise/ teach students.

Roles, Responsibilities and Expectations:

Post Secondary Institution:

Ensure PSI educators are aware of and meet the HCO pre-requisites.

Inform the HCO who the PSI educator will be for each practice placement and what the orientation support needs are. Be aware that the HCO requires sufficient time to organize PSI educator orientation support.

Ensure PSI educators are prepared and supported to facilitate learning in the practice education setting.

PSI Educator:

Complete the HCO pre-requisites and orientation requirements within the expected timeframe.

Maintain currency of all professional/practice requirements, as well as workplace health and safety practices.

Complete self-assessment of practice setting competencies, identify learning needs and arrange for learning opportunities to achieve competency prior to start of placement experience.

Contact the HCO liaison to plan orientation to practice education setting.

Health Care Organization:

Communicate Health Authority specific policies and protocols related to Privacy and Confidentiality (See: PEG 2-1: Protecting Privacy and Maintaining Confidentiality).

Support orientation to the practice setting as required, including access to resources (including online, e-learning courses), documents, the practice environment, and other learning opportunities required to meet HCO pre-requisite and orientation requirements.

Resources and References:

Accreditation Canada. (2012). Required organizational practices 2012. Available at: www.accreditationcanada.ca

Accreditation Canada. (2012). *Standards*. Available at: http://www.accreditation.ca/accreditation-programs/qmentum/standards/

Davidson K.M. & Rourke, L. (2012). Surveying the orientation learning needs of clinical nursing instructors. *International Journal of Nursing Education Scholarship*, 9.

Moineau, G. & Bannister, S. Clinical placements: setting the stage. The Clinical Teacher, 3:39-42.

Vancouver Coastal Health Authority, Providence Health Care, Fraser Health Authority & Provincial Health Services Authority. (2012). *Student practice education core orientation*. Available at: https://ccrs.vch.ca/catalog.aspx?cid=2992

WorkSafeBC. (2013). Occupational health and safety regulation. Available at: http://www2.worksafebc.com/publications/OHSRegulation/Home.asp

WorkSafeBC. (2013). *Safety at work*. *Health care*. Available at: http://www2.worksafebc.com/Portals/HealthCare/Home.asp

Guideline Review History:

Revision #	Date	Author(s)	Brief Description of Change (reason for change)
Original	March 2007		
1	February 2013	Carrie Edge (FHA), Heather Straight (VCHA), Carmen	Revised to new template Pre-requisite requirements updated Confidentiality requirements updated

	Kimoto (VCC),Debbie McDougall (BCAHC)	References updated

Appendix A: Workplace Health and Safety Education / Certification Standards

Health and Safety Topic	Knowledge / Skill	Renewal
Code Red /	General principles for fire safety,	Annual at same site
Site specific Fire Safety	processes/protocols for site specific fire	Must complete
	response, evacuation principles and use of fire	program for each new
	extinguishers.	practice education site
Infection Prevention	Principles of infection control and handwashing.	No formal
and Control	May also require completion of broader concepts	recertification/review
	of standard precautions depending on program	Maintain knowledge/
of study.		practice currency
Workplace Hazardous	Basic information for identification, handling and	Annual
Materials Information	response to exposure/spills of hazardous	
Systems (WHMIS)	materials for those who work with or in	
	proximity to hazardous or controlled	
	substances/products.	
Workplace Violence	Mandatory provincial program for all health care	Annual
Prevention	staff. Education includes measures to prevent or	
	minimize any risk of violence to oneself and	
	others, and the general actions to take should	
	violence occur	
Musculoskeletal Injury	Education includes risk identification related to	Maintain ongoing
Prevention	work, including recognition of early signs and	competence
	symptoms of Musculoskeletal Injuries and their	
	potential health effects. For those involved in	
	direct care, education should also include	
	principles and practices of safe manual handling,	
	as well as the use of lifting equipment.	
Waste Management	Education includes principles and practices	Maintain ongoing
	related to disposal of materials, sharps,	competence
	biohazardous wastes and chemotoxic wastes.	Fit Testing required
Respiratory Mask Fit	Respiratory Mask Fit Education on the correct use and care of	
Testing respirators, respirator limitations, donning		annually
	doffing procedures and proper disposal	