



TIA & STROKE PREVENTION RAPID ACCESS REFERRAL

Fax this completed form and related records to desired location below

Vancouver General Hospital and St. Paul's Hospital	Fax: 604-875-4374 Phone: 604-875-5295
Lions Gate Hospital * *LGH clinic only accepts TIA referrals	Fax: 604-984-3748 Phone: 604-984-5981

DATE OF REFERRAL: REFERRED FROM: ☐ Emergency Dept — Neurology consult in ED: ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Inpatient ☐ Physician Office ☐ Specialist							
New patient Follow-up							
REASON FOR REFERRAL: Name of Referring Physician:							
TIA Stroke Phone: MSP number or office stamp							
Carotid disease Stroke prevention assessment Family physician:							
Office prevention assessment							
Other: Results copied to:							
PATIENT INFORMATION:							
Last name First name Middle initial Personal health number:							
Address City/town Postal code DOB: mmm/dd/yyyy							
Phone number(s): (include area code) Gender: Pregnant:							
Alternate contest persons (name and phase number)							
Alternate contact person: (name and phone number) Interpreter required Language:							
DATE OF EVENT OR ONSET OF SYMPTOMS: PRESENTING SYMPTOMS: (check all that apply)							
mmm/dd/yyyy: Speech disturbance							
Duration of symptoms: Hours Minutes							
Have symptoms resolved: Yes No Balance problems Sensory Disturbance: Headache Face Arm Leg							
ANTITHROMBOTIC / ANTIPLATELET THERAPY: RELEVANT HEALTH HISTORY:							
(current or newly prescribed) RELEVANT HEALTH HISTORY: (current or newly prescribed) Previous stroke or TIA Carotid disease							
ASA dipyridamole-ASA (AGGRENOX) Hypertension Smoking							
☐ clopidogrel (PLAVIX) ☐ warfarin (COUMADIN) ☐ Atrial fibrillation ☐ History of alcohol dependence							
Other: Diabetes Coronary artery disease							
PRELIMINARY DIAGNOSIS / PHYSICIAN NOTES: (Attach ED notes)							
KEY INVESTIGATIONS: (attach results if available) ABCD ² SCORING CHART Score							
Completed Age 60 years or over 1							
CT scan of head BP history of hypertension 1							
Carotid ultrasound or Clinical Features:							
CT angiogram • Unilateral weakness (with or without speech disturbance) 2							
■ ECG • Speech deficit without weakness 1							
Echocardiogram: if suspicion of cardiac cause — United proprietable for the state of the state							
Holter monitor: it suspect atrial fibrillation							
Bloodwork (including renal function) Diabetes 1							
Score: (4 or more = High Risk)							

INFORMATION FOR REFERRING PHYSICIANS

The following classifications and timing of diagnostic tests for TIA are recommended. Consider strokes and high risk TIAs as medical emergencies and perform investigations and treatment as soon as possible. These are suggestions that may not apply to all patients. Clinical judgment is required to determine urgency of referral and assessment.

- Key steps for investigating TIA: Identify high risk patients based on clinical criteria
 - · When possible, conduct key investigations within the recommended timelines
 - Contact the neurologist on call to discuss high risk or complex cases (see contact numbers below)
 - · Refer medium/low risk patients to a TIA clinic

Emergency Contact numbers:

BC Bedline 604-215-5911 VGH Hot Stroke Pager 604-707-3030 Lions Gate Hospital Switchboard 604-988-3131 St. Paul's Hospital Call Centre 604-682-2344 Richmond Hospital Switchboard 604-278-9711

MINOR STROKE / TIA RISK ASSESSMENT					
High Risk* (consider sending patient to emergency department or contacting neurologist on call)	Symptoms within the previous 48 hours with any one of the following: Motor deficit lasting more than 5 minutes Speech deficit lasting more than 5 minutes ABCD2 score of 4 or more Acute persistent or fluctuating stroke symptoms One positive investigation (acute infarct on CT/MRI; carotid artery stenosis) Atrial fibrillation with TIA Other factors based on presentation and clinical judgment				
Medium Risk (refer to TIA clinic)	Symptom onset between 48 hours and 7 days with any one of the following: Motor deficit lasting more than 5 minutes Speech deficit lasting more than 5 minutes ABCD² score of 4 or more				
Low Risk (refer to TIA clinic)	Symptom onset more than 7 days ago Symptom onset 7 or more days without the presence of high risk symptoms (speech deficit or motor deficit or ABCD ² score of 4 or more or atrial fibrillation with TIA)				

Test High Risk	TIA Urgency Classification		cation	Comments
	High Risk	Medium Risk	Low Risk	
Laboratory work	24 hours	3 days	14 days	CBC, Na+, K+, creatinine, INR & aPTT, fasting lipid profile (CHO, LDL, HDL, TRIG), urinalysis, ECG, fasting glucose
CT head scan	24 hours	3 days	14 days	Investigation of choice for acute stroke and TIA
Carotid imaging (Ultrasound, CTA or MRA)	24 hours	3 days	14 days	Optimally within 24 hrs in a carotid territory TIA if the patient is a potential surgical candidate

Additional investigations may be considered depending on case specifics:

- MRI If recommended by consultant
- Holter monitor Consider to detect paroxysmal AF
- Echocardiogram If a cardiac source of embolism is suspected, e.g. dysrhythmia, heart failure, LV dysfunction, post MI

*If there are specific concerns or for high risk patients, consider sending to the emergency department or contacting the neurologist on-call at your local hospital.